LINEAR ALGEBRA, Winter 2021

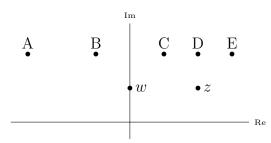
List 2

Complex numbers, intro to polynomials.

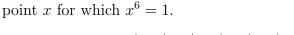
- 12. For $z = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{11}}{3}i$, calculate $z + \overline{z}$.
- 13. For $z = 9e^{(\pi/8)i}$, calculate $z \cdot \overline{z}$.
- 14. For $z = 6e^{(\pi/52)i}$ and $w = 3e^{(-\pi/52)i}$, calculate zw. Give your answer in rectangular form.

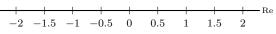
15. For z = 1 + i and $w = e^{(\pi/4)i}$, calculate

- (a) $\arg(z)$ (e) |w|(i) zw(b) $\arg(w)$ (f) |z w|(j) z/w(c) $\arg(zw)$ (g) |zw|(k) $z\overline{w}$ (d) z + w(h) |z/w|(l) $\overline{z}w$
- 16. Which of the points A E below could be z + w? Which could be zw?

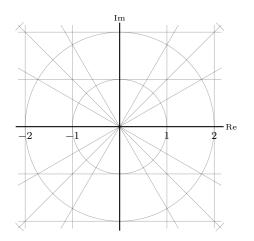


17. Write $(1+i)^{11}$ and $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-i}{1+i}\right)^6$ in rectangular form. (Hint: use de Moivre's formula.) 18. (a) On a real number line (like the blank one shown below), put a dot at every





(b) On a complex plane (like the blank one shown below), put a dot at every point z for which $z^6 = 1$.



19. A cannonball fired at 400 m/s at an angle of 52° will have an initial vertical velocity of $400 \sin(52^\circ) \approx 315.2 \text{ m/s}$, and it will have a height of

$$h(t) = \frac{-9.8}{2}t^2 + 315.2t$$

meters after t seconds. How many seconds will it take for the cannonball to reach the ground?

- 20. If the width of a rectangle is 5 m more than its length, and the rectangle's area is 84 m^2 , what are the length and width of the rectangle?
- 21. The product of two positive consecutive¹ integers is 380. Find the two numbers.

A **polynomial** in the variable x is a function that can be written in the form $x^{n} + x^{n-1} + \dots + x^{2} + x + \dots,$

where each blank—called a **coefficient**—is a real or complex number (possibly including 0). The **degree** of a polynomial in x is the highest power of x that has a non-zero coefficient.

- 22. For each of the following, give the degree if the expression is a polynomial in x, and otherwise write "not a polynomial".
 - (a) $\frac{5}{2}x^3 7x + 8$ (f) 5x
 - (b) $9x^{10}$ (g) 5
 - (c) $6x^5 + \frac{1}{3}x + 5x^{-2}$ (h) $\frac{8x+1}{2x}$
 - (d) $3x^2 + \sin(x)$ (c) $\frac{2x}{x^3 + 7}$
 - (a) $(x^2 + 2x 1)^3$ (i) $\frac{x^3 + 7x}{2}$

 $^{^1\}mathrm{For}$ example, the numbers 107 and 108 are consecutive.